

2019 Boulevard Tree List

Just as in year's past we are featuring a wide variety of trees that will work in an array of different city boulevard locations. We have larger trees for larger, more open boulevards to smaller trees for smaller boulevards or those with overhead power lines. Nearly all trees have some sort of beautiful fall color and most of our smaller varieties flower. **Limited supply.**

We normally stop planting early July due to heat and shortage of tree supply.

The Process:

How do you get these beautiful trees in your boulevard?!

- ❖ Call our Forestry Department at (701)857-4178. Let us know you are interested. We will need some information such as:
 - Your name
 - A phone number at which you can be reached
 - Your address
 - And what type of tree you are interested in, or if you are looking for suggestions
- ❖ Next, we will send out a qualified technician to measure and inspect your boulevard. (You do not need to be there). The things we look for are:
 - How wide is your boulevard
 - How long is it
 - Are there overhead or underground lines to watch out for
 - And what kind of soil is there

(All these things will help us decide what type of tree and how many trees your boulevard will be able to support.)
- ❖ Once you have the type of tree selected, place your order with our office. The cost for all the trees is \$100.00 for the tree, planting, staking, and mulching (the homeowner is in charge of the watering and care of the tree). If you want a one-year warranty (this is one year from the date it was planted) it is an extra \$25.00 per tree.
 - Trees will vary in size according to variety of tree. Sizes range from 10'/1.75" – 4'/1.5".
- ❖ Next your payment is made to our main office. Make checks payable to the 'Minot Park District'. 420 3rd Ave SW PO Box 538.
- ❖ Once we receive verification of payment you will be set for planting.

Large Trees:

Bur Oak - *Quercus macrocarpa*

The Bur Oak is native to North Dakota and is a very stately tree. It is considered a large shade tree that generally grows to around 50-60' tall. It is characterized by its furrowed bark and deep lobed, dark green leaves. The leaves turn from dark green to light brown in the fall. It does produce acorns in the fall. Although not thought of as a fast growing tree they can grow up to 6-10" a year depending on the soil and the care. Good for almost all soil types.



Valley Forge Elm - *Ulmus americana* 'Valley Forge'

The 'Valley Forge' *Ulmus americana* has been proven to be highly resistant to Dutch elm disease, showing 96% survival rate. Possesses the classic American elm tree shape, transplants easily, is fast growing and exhibits tolerance to salts, drought, poor soil conditions and air pollution. This elm is a large shade tree growing up to 60-70' with a 50-60' spread. Leaves typically turn an undistinguished yellow in fall.



Large Trees:

Hackberry – '*Celtis occidentalis*'

Tolerant of a wide range of conditions, the Hackberry is a good landscape choice. Grows to a broad crown with arching branches. It withstands strong winds, pollution, heat, drought and salt. Grows 40'-70' with a 50' spread. Full sun is the ideal condition for this tree, meaning it should get at least six hours of direct, unfiltered sunlight each day. Produce small, dark red drupes about 1/3" in diameter that turn dark purple as they mature in mid-autumn. These berry-like fruit persist into the winter. In poor conditions, the Hackberry may only grow 1" per year.



Princeton Elm – *Ulmus americana* 'Princeton'



The Princeton elm, like most other elms, are fast growing trees. It exhibits good resistance to Dutch elm disease and demonstrates resistance to elm beetles as well. Grows to a mature height of 50-70' with a spread of 30-50'. Leaves typically turn an undistinguished yellow in fall.

Large Trees:

Skyline Honeylocust - *Gleditsia triacanthos var. inermis* 'Skycole'



A very important tree for difficult climates. Honeylocust leaf out later than most other shade trees, thus protecting them from devastating late spring freezes and heavy snow. Upright, spreading, uniform branches form a broadly pyramidal shade tree. Finely textured, dark green, fern-like foliage turns golden-yellow in fall. It is thornless and nearly seedless variety that is typically fast growing up to 40-45' tall and 25-35' wide.



Med Trees:

Autumn Splendor Buckeye – *Aesculus 'Autumn Splendor'*

Autumn Splendor Buckeye features showy spikes of creamy white flowers rising above the foliage in mid spring. It has dark green foliage throughout the season. The leaves turn an outstanding tomato-orange in the fall. However, the fruit can be messy and may require occasional clean-up. Will grow to be about 35' tall at maturity, with a spread of 30'. The tree does best in full sun to partial shade. It grows at a medium rate.



Amur Maple – *Acer ginnala*

The main ornamental value of Amur Maple is its red fall color and fruit. This is an excellent low growing tree for under powerlines. Growing to a height of 15-20' with a spread of 15-20'. Creamy white flowers appear with new foliage inspring. It is reasonably drought tolerant. It will tolerate shade, but develops a better fall color if grown in full sun. Prevent dehydration when grown in hotter areas. Has a moderate growth rate.

